What is a Stack data structure? List the operations that can be performed on a stack.

Stack is a linear data structure that
follows a particular order in which the
operations are performed. The order may be
LdfOllast In First Out) or FILOLFirst
In Last Out).
mainly the following three basic operations
are performed in the stack:
Push: Adds an item in the stack. If the
stack is full, then it is said to be an Overflow
condition.
Pop: Removes an item from the stack. The
items are popped in the reversed order in
which they are pushed. If the stack is
empty, then it is said to be an Underflow
condition.
Peek or Top: Returns the top element of the
stack.
is2mpty: Returns true if the stack is empty,
else false.